Missouri, County of Tancy, es. Matter of Application of Birl Barnes.

WILSON ANSWERS SENATE QUERIES

Objection to Reservations Concerning League.

Surrenders No Powers and May Withdraw at Will.

dent Wilson and the members of the of the league was then in its first foreign relations communities of the deaft and subject to revision. It was senate, mer at the White House Tues day to discuss the peace treaty.

The Provident opened the discusnion by impressing an the senators without reservations that would require resubmission of the treaty to the other signatories, especially Germany,

The President said that the interest of every class of people, the farmers, industrial workers and employers demanded prompt ratification to the end that stable conditions of industry, agriculture and employment be re-established. The President's address which was in effect an address to the country follows:

Mr. Chairman: I hope that this conference will serve to expedite your consideration of the treaty of peace. I beg that you will pardon and indulge me if I again urge that practically the whole task of bringing the country back to normal conditions of life and industry waits upon the decision of the senate with regard to the terms of the peace.

I venture thus again to urge my advice that the action of the senate with regard to the treaty be taken at the earliest practicable moment because the problems with which we are face to face in the readjustment of our national life are of the most pressing and critical character, will require for their proper solution the most intimate and disinterested co-operation of all parties and all interests, and | cannot be postponed without manifest peril to our people and to all the national advantages we hold most dear.

The copper mines of Montana, Arizona, and Alaska for example are being kept open and in operation only at a great cost and loss in part upon | the league the matter involved i their capacity; the lead of Idaho, Illi- is solely within the domestic jurisdic nois and Missouri reaches only a portion of its former market; there is report and shall make no recommenda an immediate need for cotton belt tions as to its settlements." ing and also for lubricating oil which nels of trade are barred by war when are only examples. There is hardly tant food stuff or a single class of deal, manufactured goods which is not in the same case. Our full, normal profitable production waits on peace.

upon it. We cannot intelligently or at the White House conference were wisely decide how large a naval or laid before the commission it was at military force we shall maintain or once conceded that it was best to what our policy with regard to military training is to be until we have peace not only, but also until we know how peace is to I get ned, whether by the arms of our or marries of by the concert of all the great purches and there is more than that d. ... in ty involved. The vast surplus properties of the army include not food and clothing merely, whose sale will affect normal production but great manufacturing establishments also. which should be restored to their former uses, great stores of machine tools and all sorts of merchandise which must lie idle until peace and military policy are definitely deter-

The nations that ratify the treaty, such as Great Britain, Belgium and France, will be in a position to lay their plans for controlling the markets of Central Europe without competition from us, if we do not presently act. We have no consular agents, no trade representatives there to look after our interests.

There are large areas of Europe whose future will lie uncertain and questionable until their people know the final settlements of peace and the forces which are to administer and sustain it. Without determined markets our production cannot proceed. with intelligent confidence. There can be no easy or normal industrial credits because there can be no confident or permanent revival of business. There can be no stabilization of wages because there can be no settled conditions of employment,

Every element of normal life amongst us depends upon and awaits the ratification of the treaty of peace; and we cannot aftord to lose a single

summer's day by not doing all that we can to mitigate the winter's suffreing which unless we find means to prevent it, may preve disastrous to a large portion of the world, and may its worst bring upon Europe condiffens even more terrible than those by goht by the war itself.

Nothing I am led to believe, stands Says He Sees Ne Reasonable in the way of the ratification of the treaty except doubts with regard to the meaning and implication of certain articles of the covenant of the league of nations; and I must frankly say that I am unable to understand why CONFERENCE AT WHITE HOUSE such doubts should be entertained You will recall that when I had the pleasure of a conference with your committee and with the committee of The President Asserts United States the house of reme entatives on forest affairs at the White House in Mar a last, the questions now most frequent ly asked about the league of nations were all canvassed with a view to the Washington, D. C., Aug. 19.-Prest immediate clarification. The coverant pointed out that no express recognition was given to the Mouroe Poctrine. that it was not expressly provided the the league should have no authority the uneency of prompt ratification of to act or to express a judgment on the treaty without amendment and matters of domestic policy, that the right to withdraw from the league was not expressly recognized and that the constitutioned rights of the congress to letermine all questions of peace and war was not sufficiently safeguarded On my return to Paris all these mat ters were taken up again by the commission on the league of nations and every suggestion of the United States was accepted.

The view of the United States will. regard to the questions I have men tioned had, in fact, already been accepted by the commission and there was supposed to be nothing incon sistent with them in the draft of the covenant first adopted, the draft which was the subject of our discussion in March, but no objection was made to anything explicitly in the text that all had supposed to be implicit in it

The Monroe Doctrine is expressly mentioned as an understanding which is in no way to be impaired, or interfered with by anything contained in the covenant and the expression "regional understanding like the Monroe Doctrine" was used not because any one of the conference thought there was any comparable agreement any where else in existence or in contemplation, but only obcause it was thought best to avoid the appearance of dealing in such a document with the policy of a single nation.

With regard to domestic questions Article Sixteen of the covenant expressly provides that, if in case of any dispute arising between members of borrowed money; the zinc mines of ciaimed by one of the parties "and is Missouri, Tennessee, and Wisconsin found by the council to arise out of are being operated at about one-half a matter which by international law tion of that party, the council shall se

The United States was by no mean cannot be met-all because the chan- the only government interested in the explicit adoption of this provision, and there is no war. The same is true of there is no doubt in the mind of any raw cotton, of which the Central authoritative student of international Empires alone formally purchased, law that such matters as immigration nearly four million bales, and these tariffs, and naturalization are incon testably domestic questions with a single raw material, a single impor- which, no international body could

The right of any state to withdraw had been taken for granted but no objection was made to making it explicit. Our military plans of course wait Indeed, so soon as the views expressed leave the answer to so important a question to inference. No proposal was made to set up any tribunal to nas inigment u on the question whether a withdra ing nation had b fact fulfilled "all its averantional obmet fillied "all ich in errational chinature and all se or sization under the overant." It was reasoned a fart the mestion under the conscience of the extent places in withdraw; and I we have that the article be made as a liberalise I know that the United Section of the conscience was not entirely clear as to the fulfillment of all its international characters. Its new property of the fulfillment of all its international characters. It has never failed to fulfill them and never

as never failed to fulfill them and peve Article Ten is in no respect of doubt-

will.

Article Ten is in no respect of doubtrel meening when read in the light of
the covenant as a whole. The council
of the league can only "advise upon"
the means by which the obligations of
that great article are to be given eftect to. Unless the United States is a
party to the policy or action in question,
her own affirmative vote in the council
is necessary before any advice can be
given for a unanimous vote of the council
is necessary before any advice can be
given for a unanimous vote of the council is required. If she is a party, the
trouble is hers anyhow, and the unanimous vote of the council is only advice
in any case.

Each government is free to reject it
if it pleases. Nothing could have been
made more clear to the conference than
the right of our congress under our
Constitution to exercise its independent
judament in all matters of peace and
war. No attempt was made to question
or limit that right. The United States
will indeed undertake under article Ten
to "respect and preserve as against external aggression of the territorial integrity and existing political independence of all members of the league" and
that engagement constitutes a very
grave and solemn moral obligation, but
it is a nioral not a legal obligation and
leaves our congress absolutely free to
put its own interpretation upon it in all
cases that call for action.

Article Ten seems to me to constitute
the very backbone of the whole cove-

Article Ten seems to me to constitute he very backbone of the whole covenant. Without it the league would be arrily more than an influential debat-

it has several times been suggested in public debate and in private conferment shat interestations of the sense



GOING? Yes, Everybody's GOING To the Great Ozark Stock Show, Springfield, Mo. October 1-2-3-4

the Ozarks-\$10,000.00 in cash premiums guaranteed by Spring-

field Chamber of Commerce, Three great public sales of pure bred stock-50 head of pure bred Herefords sell at stock show grounds October 4, 1 p. m.—50 head of Pure Bred Shorthorns sell October 4, 10 a. m.—35 head of pure bred Duroes sell October 2. See Railrond Agent for reduced fares.



BIG CARNIVAL & FREE SHOW IN CONNECTION 5-BIG FREE ACTS-5 The Biggest Event Ever

Staged in the Ozarks

Educational-See the fine cattle, hogs, sheep Entertaining-Five great free amusement features-Ebenezer, the great trick mule, Thalero's Circus, Raymond, the great clown, Willie Bros., the world's greatest equilibrists, Kawana Japs -- you can't afford to miss this. Mix with the biggest throng of people ever seen in Springfield, Thousands are coming in automobiles. Ample railroad accomodation.

No advance in hotel rates. This great how arranged for the pleasure of the people of the entire Ozark Country by the

H. R. NELSON, Secretary. SPRINGPIELD, MISSOURL

in which the United States accepts the ingagements of the recognition the instrument of ratification. There can be no reasonable objection, to such interpretations accompanying the act of ratification provided they do not form a part of the formal ratification long delays should constitute a part of the formal resolution of ratification long delays would be the inevitable consequence in as much as all the many governments concerned would have to a cept in effect, the language of the treaty before ratification would be complete. The assent of the feerman assembly at Weimar would have to be obtained among the rest and I must frankly say that I could only with the greatest reflectance approach that assembly for permission to read the treaty as we undertained it and as those who framed it quite certainly understand it. If the United States were to nothing accompanied the formulation of the resty that our example would immediately be followed in many quarters, in some instances with very serious reservations, and that the meaning and operative force of the treaty would preservity be clouded from one end of its clauses to the other.

Famous Sea Fighter.

Admiral Stewart, an American naval officer, was distinguished in the cruises be unfit to associate with us. which he made against privateers in the war of 1812. He was the grandfather of Charles Stewart Parnell. He died November 6, 1869,

"GOD SAVE CHINA FROM FRIENDS"

Senator McCumber Protosts in Senate Against Shanlung Amendment to Treaty.

Copucions Can ter Vestrie t at Co personner alle come to in it is the Sounds Are Trying to Kill It.

We have a full in-country Mr. But

"Why did the majority of this comnittee pause in the midst of their hearing to make this particular amendnem?" asked Sonator McCumber, The purpose is apparent. It is to signify to the country that the senate hostile to this trenty. It is to put agan in a position where she cannot althout an appearance of being coreed do what she has promised to do. t is to create trouble between this ountry and Japan and thereby send he first degree throat into the body I this treaty. Jum satisfied that no reater blow could ever be struck gainst the real laterests of China than her ry such an amendment.

"Is it up act of true friendship to-

ward China or a mere political move to defeat the treaty? If its sponsors now fail to come forward and openly dedge that if Japan is driven out of this treaty then the United States will proceed single handed and alone to brive Japan out of Chica-will renew this world war and send our soldiers into the Orient to fight for her, then by this act they are betraying China with a fulse kiss.

"If, on the other hand, they declare they will make war to drive Japan out of China, to prevent Japan receiving only those rights which the other great nations of the world have received, then they are proclaiming a policy which they have assailed as being the most wicked part of the league of na-Hons-a palley of interference with the quarrels of the Old World, Worse than that, while they violently condemn a leint agreement with the other great white nations of the world to shield the greater what races from annihila tion they would send our sons to death to defend the inferior yellow races whom we claim to be so inferior as to

"Either we will bring both Japan and China into this league of nations, which by the very terms of its provisions will compel Japan to return to China all the German rights acquired by Japan, not only by conquest but by the solemn agreement made by her with China herself, or you will drive Japan out of this treaty wherein she will not be bound by the obligations which she should assume by joining the league, and where she will be hold ing the German territory and all the German interests by the right of conquest and with the broken word of China, she can work her way to the very limit of subjugation of all the Chinese territory not now within the sphere of influence of other powers.

"With this league of nations Ching obtains an assurance which is tantamount to a guaranty by all the world that not only will Japan return to China what Germany wrested from her In 1808, but henceforth and so long as this league shall last no other nation shall rub China of one Inch of her for gitory or exercise and control over her people inconstition; with the claims of complete independence and sovereign-

the and a long with any authors Senator McComber then resited the bis . It is a property tory of the revent treaties under which

on the sensite committee on foreign reations in the present breach Senator accomber could alone with the supporters of the treety and against the nation of the committee which voted to take ou. "Japan" and insert "China" in the three sections awarding the shantung Feninsula.

"Why did the majority of this committee the proposed amendment which arrogates to ourselves the right to annula treaty between China and Japan and a treaty between China and Japan and sets at naught a treaty made during the stress of battle between our cobelligerents and Japan before we entered into plighted faith and China will receive complete present justice and assured fu-

complete present justice and assured future protection.

"On the other hand force this breach
of contract by China: drive Japan out
of this league by insulting her honor;
relieve her from her treaty by first
breaking it yourselves and thereby instailing her in her impregnable position
of right of conquest and China is decomed.
The other European nations cannot help
her because they are tied by their own
treaties and you will not make mar on
Jupan to help China after she has broken
her treaty.

"If these be friends of China, then
God save China from her triands."

God save China from her friends."

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY.

FORD CLEARED;

JURY IN FAMOUS LIBEL SUIT

DELIGERATE TEN HOURS

Farmer Jury Which Has Spent Three Months in Court is Out Ten Hours and Then Finds Paper Guilty of Libel.

Mt. Clemens, Mich.-Heary Ford in not an anarchist!

A fury of 12 farmers have said so by their verdent, in which they found The Chicago Tribune guilty of tibel when it attached that stigma to the name of the great manufacturer.

"We find the Chicago Tribuns milits

and attach a vordict of a com-This sentence from the foremen of the fucy which for three months has listened to the me t famous come of its kind in history and which it but if more than 10 hours before it arrived at its conclusion, were the them of the final act in the dramatic event which has attracted the attention of the entire country.

Brairy Ford himself was not in court to share in the triumph. If we in the New Hampshire woods with his triends, Thomas Edison and John Burroughs, Judge Alfred J. Murphy of Mr. Ford's counsel made a formula statement for his principal:

"Ford is Vindicated." "The important issue has been determined," said Judge Murphy. "Money damages were not sought by Mr. Pont

stands not only vindicated but his uztliude as an American eftizen has been justified after a trial wisted raised every issue against him the ingentity and research could invent Outside the courthouse crowds has gathered during the evening hours to await news of the jury which had been closeted in conference since morning As the courtroom emptied after in announcement of the verdict and news of the decision rendered and cheer after cheer broke forth man band, returning from a plat. to add its brass notes to the its

There was a tense inomen the jarors filed into the box here. last time. Their foreman, in a voice shaking with the emotions of the moment, spoke in such a low Louis that he could scarcely be heard The clerk read back the formal vertical "You do say upon your call that

the said defendant The Tribuspany, is guilty in the manner and form as the said plaintiff bath in big declaration in this case camplained against him and you assess the days ages of the said plaintiff on amaries of the premises over and above his costs and charges by him about this suft and in his behalf expended, at the sum of six cents damages."

The editorial in which The Tribune attacked Henry Ford and branded him as an anarchist was printed in 1916 The case has been fought through several courts on one point or another ever since, finally arriving through a change of venue asked by The Tribune in Mt. Clemens. The charge which Judge Tucker

made to the jury dealt mainly with the laws of libel and contained among others, the following points:

"The Tribune claims that they care fully inquired as to what Mr. Ford's attitude was going to be as to the care of his men who joined the national guard and that they based the editorial characterizing him as an anarchist on that information. They admit the publication and insist that it was true and therefore justified; and that even if not true it was fair comment upon a matter of public interest, either of which defenses are sufficient if proven true. The burden, however, is upon the defense when they attempt to make either of the defences mentioned. They must entabthan either the truth of the charge they made, or that it was fair comment within the intenning of that

"A newspaper has the same right as an individual to its opinions and convictions-no more gude no less."

The court further informed the jury that If they found that the charge was untrue they must find for the plaintiff. He declared that there was nothing ambiguous about the editorial. It called Mr. Ford an anarchist and the only way the defendant could escape being found guilty of libel was to prove that charge. He said further in that the jury must accept the popular conception of the meaning of the term 'aparchist."

Counsel for The Chicago Tribune ade no effort to appeal the case and cepted the verdict as it stood, ,

To Be a Juror in London.

'In the city of London a juror must be a householder or occupier of premises, and must possess property to the value of five hundred dollars.

To Be a Juror in London.

For four weeks successively, the last in said County of Thirty for the first day of said next October terms this yourt.

OTTO WOLF, Circuit Clork.

A TRUE COPY FROM THE RECORD, (SEAL). To Be a Juror in London.

FINDS FOR PLAINTIFF AND DECLARES TRIBUNE GUILTY.

of Missouri, County of Hanny, we, Matter of Application of Birl Batnes, No. 2176. For parole, the is hereby given that I. Birl Barnes, it is to reply given that I. Birl Barnes, it is removed to fine of the erime of Grand cay in the County of Taney, State of the County of April, 190, and angel to ryen's Imprisonment in the tentiary at Jefferson Gity. Missouri, I am now comment, tay made applied or Burde and will be given a politic perfore the State Prison Bosra at string office in said pententury on sould Menday in teleboor, 1916, same the lath day of said month, when it is in factor of similaranteet the granting of Board, All persons who byter or said application are invited to consider with and Board on or before said with and Board on the matter. In the HARNES No. 21766 Applicant.

SOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

August 21, 1019, August 21, 1019, 1007, May, who, our May 14, 1019, 1007, May, who, our May 14, 1019, made tool Farty, No. Seight for Sec. 74-07 who, is too had been bounded by the second of the sec

ORDER OF FUGLICATION.

DEBEN OF PERICATION.

BE OF AMERICAN

COURT, APRIL Term,
1919

Fitate of Simourn, at the relation and
of five the of J. W. Beend, Collector of
the theyenge in and for Taney County,
PLAINTIPP.

Finding Data Simple T.

State any company of a publish force
the minority and it appearing to
the mary company and it appearing to
the mary transite receives on the Simple
at this determine L. A. Faller and the
this determine L. A. Faller and T.

The division of the County process

A. W. M. Landy College, Simbourn, 2nd
to count being mithefied that the demark trained by force of the County process

A. W. M. Landy College, Simbourn, 2nd
to count being mithefied that the demark trained by force of the County of
the county of the County of the County

County of the County of the County of
the County of the County of the County

County of the County of the County of the County

County of the County of the County of the County

County of the County of the County of the County

County of the County of the County of the County

County of the County of the County of the County

County of the County of the County of the County

County of the County of the County of the County

County of the County of the County of the County

County of the County of the County of the County

County of the County of the County of the County

County of the County of the Coun

by tannor as found in the Sixth of Burt.

In ordered by the Court that said added to notified by rubication plaintiff has continued by rubication plaintiff has continued a suit si to in in this court, the object and al nature of which is to calored sen of the State of Missouri for isser-kirbyville Special Road Discusses for the years 1914 and 1915, the following described real calibrate in Threy County, Missouri, it. Lot 21. First Admitable. Town of der, and that unless the said dent we and appear at this court, at ext teem thereon, to be begin and an at the court house in the lown cayth, in said county, on the 20th of Counter, and on or before the day of said term, unless longer be given by the court, answer or to the petition in said cause, the will be laken as confessed, and can will be laken as confessed, and can will be rendered accordingly, I it is further growing that a copy if be pricipled, secording to the

TE COPY PROM THE RESCOND

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

e of Missoura ! in the Circuit ourt, April Term, 1919.

a State of Missouri, at the relation and o the may of J. W. Resse, Collector of the Revenue in and for Taney County, PLANATIET,

PLANTIFF, ostrosia Mercail, LIFFUNDANT, At this star tonies the plantiff berein, y nos atteness and it superime to the ourt from the return of the Sheriff that or his attenties and it attentions to the court from the return of the sheriff that he corrected that the corrected with the corrected with the corrected served with the corners also and the served with the corners also and the few in Taney County, also and and the court being satisfied that the defendant amount he is count in the State of also court; if a corrected by the Court that said desimant he returned by publication that dimentify has commenced a said against ser in this rotart, the object and several aspects for considering a court against ser in this rotart, the object and several aspects from the source of the few of he State of Adamson's to enforce the less of the search latter of the spectral flower for the fill the section of the state of Adamson's transfer that it is secretally read and the search latter and appear at this court, at the next terms thereof, to be begin and holden at the court house in the town of Forsyth, in and county, on the 20th only of the lower, and on or before the first day of cald term, unless longer limbs be given by the sent, answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as consessed, and judgment will be tendenged as confessed, and judgment will be tendenged as

critingly. And judgment was se rendered ac-ordingly. And it is further ordered that a copy areof be published, according to law, in the Tanes County Lepublican, a news-aper published in said County of Taney, or four weeks successively, the last in-ertion to be at least thirty days before the first day of said next October term of this count.

OTTO WOLF, Circuit Clerk, TRUE COPY FROM THE RECORD.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, | SE In the Circuit Court. April Term, 1919.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and 10 the use of J. W. Hosse, Collector of the Revenue in and for Tancy County, PLAINTIFF, vot.

to the use of J. W. Hoese, Collector of the General in and for Tancy County, PLAINTEEP,

Figurard I. Nelson, DiffENDANT.

At the day comes the plaintiff berein we his altie may and it appearing to the Court from the return of the Sheriff that the defendant. Howard L. Nelson, cannot her extent of the Sheriff that the defendant. Howard L. Nelson, cannot her extent that the defendant of the Sheriff that the defendant has the court had been also to the Court that and defendant be madded by publication that the first and defendant be madded by publication that the defendant her defendant for the district the same for the state of affective for Holligrer Autority and the court for Holligrer Autority, which is to enforce the limit of the state of affective descriptions of the following the same security the same term between the form of the court, and the court house in the tour of Foreyth, in said county, or the other of the court, in said county, the first day of October, and on the beautiff the publicant of the court, are confessed, and judgment will be ruled as confessed, and judgment will be ruled as confessed accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, it the Taney County Republicant, a new page published in said County of Power, it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, it is the further ordered that a copy hereof be publi